The Johns Hopkins Hospital Department of Emergency Medicine

IV Drug Information

2016

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Nursing Antibiotic Reference
Revised for Dept. of Emergency Medicine 3/2016 Umbreen Murtaza, Pharm.D. & Melinda Ortmann, Pharm.D.

| DRUG | RECONSTITUTION | COMPATIBLE FLUIDS | FLUID VOLUME | INFUSION TIME | COMMENT |
|---------------|--|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| Ampicillin | 10ml NS or SWFI | NS only | ≤1gm=50ml >1gm=100ml | 30 min | |
| Cefazolin | 10ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 50-100 ml | 30 min | Syringes can be administered over 3 min |
| Cefepime | 10 ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 100 ml | 30 min | |
| Cefotetan | 10 ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 100 ml | 30 min | |
| Ceftriaxone | IM: 250mg~ 0.9ml IM: 1gm~ 3.6ml IV: 1gm vial –10ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 50-100 ml | 30 min | |
| Ciprofloxacin | Pre-mixed 400 mg | | 250 ml | 60 min | |
| Clindamycin | Pre-mixed 600 mg | | 50 ml | 30 min | |
| Gentamicin | None needed | NS | 50~100 ml | 30~60 min | |
| Metronidazole | Pre-mixed 500 mg | | 100 ml | 60 min | |
| Moxifloxicin | Pre-mixed 400mg | | 250 ml | 60 min | |
| Oxacillin | 10ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 50~100 ml | 30 min | |
| Penicillin G | 10ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 0-2m units= 50 ml 2.1- 6m units= 100 ml | 30 min | |
| Vancomycin | 10 ~ 20 ml NS or SWFI | D5W, NS | 1250 mg = 250 ml1250 mg = 500 ml | 1 – 1.25 hr 2.5 hr | |

Nursing Intramuscular Administration

| DRUG | RECONSTITUTION | COMPATIBLE FLUIDS | CONCENTRATION | COMMENT |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Ampicillin | 3.4 mL in 1 gm | NS, SWFI | 250 mg/mL | Give immediately |
| Benztropine | None | N/A | 1 mg/mL | |
| Buprenorphine | None | N/A | 0.3 mg/mL | |
| Cefazolin | 2.5 mL in 1 gm | SWFI | 330 mg/mL | |
| Cefepime | 2.4 mL in 1 gm | D5W, NS, SWFI, 1% lidocaine | 280 mg/mL | |
| Cefotetan | 3 mL in 2 gm | SWFI | 500 mg/mL | |
| Ceftriaxone | 0.9 mL in 250 mg <i>OR</i> 3.6 mL in 1 gm | D5W, NS, SWFI, 1% lidocaine | 250 mg/mL | Note: vial sizes and volumes are different |
| Clindamycin | None | N/A | 150 mg/mL | IM dose NOT to exceed 600 mg |
| Diazepam | None | N/A | 5 mg/mL | |
| Diphenhydramine | None | N/A | 25 mg/mL | |
| Epinephrine | None | N/A | 1 mg/mL | |
| Fosphenytoin | None | N/A | 50 mg/mL | Delayed absorption in Status Epilepticus |
| Furosemide | None | N/A | 10 mg/mL | |
| Gentamicin | None | N/A | 40 mg/mL | |
| Glucagon | None | N/A | 1 mg/mL | |
| Haloperidol | None | N/A | 5 mg/mL | |

Nursing Intramuscular Administration

| DRUG | RECONSTITUTION | COMPATIBLE FLUIDS | CONCENTRATION | COMMENT |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Hydralazine | None | N/A | 20 mg/mL | IM for emergency only |
| Hydromorphone | None | N/A | Up to 10 mg/mL | |
| Hydroxyzine | None | N/A | 50 mg/mL | IM only |
| Lorazepam | None | N/A | 2 mg/mL | |
| Magnesium Sulfate | None | N/A | Varies by age | Adult conc: 25-50% Ped conc: <20% |
| Methergine | None | N/A | | IM is preferred route |
| Methylprednisolone | 2 mL in 125 mg | Diluent Provided | 62.5 mg/mL | |
| Metoclopramide | None | N/A | 5 mg/mL | |
| Midazolam | None | N/A | 1 mg/mL <i>OR</i> 5 mg/mL | Note: vial sizes and volumes are different |
| Morphine | None | N/A | 2 mg/mL, 8 mg/mL | |
| Naloxone | None | N/A | 0.4 mg/mL | |
| Ondansetron | None | N/A | 2 mg/mL | |
| Oxacillin | 5.7 mL in 1 gm | SWFI | 167 mg/ mL | |
| Oxytocin | None | N/A | 10 units/mL | |
| Phenobarbital | None | N/A | 130 mg/mL | IM for emergency only |
| Prochlorperazine | None | N/A | 5 mg/mL | Ť |
| Promethazine | None | N/A | 25 mg/mL | |
| PenicillinG Benzathine | None | N/A | 1.2 million units/mL | |

Revised for Dept. of Emergency Medicine 3/2016 Umbreen Idrees Murtaza, PharmD & Melinda Ortmann, PharmD

Electrolyte Replacement

= Cardiac Monitor required

Magnesium

Magnesium sulfate: See MED013 in HPO for details

Cardiac arrest (hypomagnesemia/ torsades de pointe):

2 gm diluted in 10 ml of D5W or NS administered IV push (1 gm/min)

Hypomagnesemia (not cardiac arrest):

- 2 gm in 50 mL NS or D5W IVPB administered over 1-2 hours
- 4 gm in 100 mL NS or D5W IVPB administered over 2-4 hours
- 6 gm in 100 mL NS or D5W IVPB administered over 3-6 hours

Acute asthma exacerbation:

2 gm in 50 mL NS or D5W administered over 20-30 minutes

Seizures in preeclampsia/eclampsia:

4 ~ 5 gm IV in 20~50 ml NS over 4 ~ 30 minutes

If no IV access: 10 gm IM (divided doses)

Migraine

2 gm administered over 20 min

Phosphate

Sodium phosphate:

10-20 mM should be infused over 4-6 hr

Potassium phosphate:

10-20 mM should be infused over 4-6 hours

Sodium and potassium phosphate

Neutra-phos 1 packet PO TID

(1 packet contains potassium 7.1 mEq and phosphate 8 mM)

Potassium

| Potassium Chloride IV ♥ (if > 10 mEq/hr): | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Premixed minibags: 10 mEq in 100 mL | Premixed minibags: 10 mEq in 100 mL | | | | |
| See ICPM IV Potassium Policy for additional detail | | | | | |
| Peripheral line: usual rate of 10 mEq/hr Peripheral line: maximum rate of 20mEq/hr | | | | | |
| Central line: usual rate of 20 mEq/hr Central line: maximum rate of 40 mEq/hr | | | | | |

Calcium

For additional information please refer to ICPM policies for electrolyte replacement

Calcium Chloride: FOR EMERGENCIES ONLY Hyperkalemia in cardiac arrest: 1 amp (1 gm) IV push ***CALCIUM **CHLORIDE** IS ONLY FOR USE WITHIN ACLS GUIDELINES **Calcium Gluconate:** Maximum dose = 5 amps Hypocalcemia (symptomatic)/Hyperkalemia / CCB overdose: ♥ 1-3 amps (1 - 3 gm) undiluted slow IV push over 5-30 minutes Hypocalcemia (asymptomatic): ♥
1- 2 gm in 50 ml D5W or NS administered over 30 minutes
3-5 gm in 100- 250 ml D5W or NS administered over 60 minutes

Standard Intravenous Fluids by Location

| IV | Location | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 0.45% NaCl (1000 mL) | Central Stores | |
| D10W (1000 mL) | | Central Stores |
| D5 ~0.45% NS (1000 mL) | | Central Stores |
| D5~ 0.9% NS (1000 mL) | | Central Stores |
| Lactated Ringers and D5-I | R | Central Stores |
| With 10 mEq KCl | D5 ~0.2% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| | D5 – 0.45% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| | | |
| With 20 mEq KCl | 0.9% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| | 0.45% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| | D5 ~0.45% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| | D5 – 0.9% NS (1000 mL) | Central Stores |
| D5W (1000 mL) | | Central Stores |
| | | |
| With 40 mEq KCl | D5 – 0.45% NS(1000 mL) | Central Stores |

^{**} All other IV fluids not listed here must be ordered from Pharmacy**

Neuromuscular Blockers

These drugs can be used **only** in the following situations:

Rapid sequence intubation
Currently mechanically ventilated patients

| Neuromuscular Blocker | Dose | Location | Considerations |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Succinviolatino | IV: 1-1.5 mg/kg | Critical Care/ICU/ Main and | Can cause hyperkalemia |
| Succinylcholine | IM: 3-4 mg/kg (max 150 mg) | EACU Refrigerator | Prolonged duration of action when given IM |
| Vecuronium | 0.1 mg/kg | Critical Care/ ICU Pyxis | Must be reconstituted |
| Rocuronium | 1-1.2 mg/kg | Critical Care/ ICU Refrigerators | |
| Pancuronium | 0.1 mg/kg | Pharmacy | Not ideal agent for RSI |

JHH Thrombolytic Agents

| Appropriate Uses | Drug Name Dose Availability | Drug Location | Administration |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Acute Ischemic Stroke | Alteplase 100 mg | CC 1-4 Pyxis Main ED Pyxis | 0.9 mg/kg (Max dose: 90 mg) Administer 10% of total dose as bolus via infusion pump Total dose to be infused over 1 hr |
| Acute Pulmonary Embolism (Hemodynamically Unstable) | Alteplase 100 mg | CC 1-4 Pyxis Main ED Pyxis | 100 mg IV infused over 2 hrs |
| Pulmonary Embolism in PEA Arrest | Alteplase 100 mg | CC 1-4 Pyxis Main ED Pyxis | 50 mg given IV Push over 2 min Administer heparin 5000 units IV push immediately following May repeat dose in 30 min if no response |
| | | | |
| STEMI | Tenecteplase | Critical Care Refrigerators | See weight based dosing on tenecteplase page |

^{***}See Individual Medications Pages for Additional Information***

Procedural Sedation Guidelines

Criteria for Use:

- 1. For additional information, please refer to JHH ICPM Policy for Moderate and Deep Sedation (PATOO1)
- 2. Indicated for procedures requiring moderate or deep sedation with anesthetic agents:
 - 3. Etomidate
 - 4. Ketamine
 - 5. Propofol

Nursing Role and Responsibility

- 6. RN may NOT administer propofol, ketamine, OR etomidate for procedural sedation
- 7. Prior to initiation of procedural sedation with **propofol, ketamine**, OR **etomidate**, the RN must verbally verify that Attending is credentialed in Deep Sedation and document on sedation flow sheet
- 8. RN may assist with setup, but may only act as a scribe during the procedure.
- 9. RN is not responsible for monitoring the patient during the procedure

Attending Physician Role and Responsibility

- Credentialed Attending must remain in the room with the patient until patient returns to baseline (see JHH ICPM Policy for criteria)
- Credentialed Attending is responsible for monitoring the patient throughout the procedure and completing pre- and post-procedure assessments

INDEX OF INDIVIDUAL DRUG INFORMATION

SEE Policy MDU036 for RN titration Instructions

Alteplase (Activase) (TPA) Amiodorone (Cordarone)

Diltiazem (Cardizem)

Dobutamine

Dopamine

Epinephrine

Esmolol (Brevibloc)

Fosphenytoin (Cerebyx)

Glucagon

Heparin

Isoproterenol

Insulin

Intralipid

Labetalol (Trandate)

Levetiracetam (Keppra)

Lidocaine

Mannitol (Osmitrol)

Naloxone

Nicardipine

Nitroglycerin (Tridil)

Nitroprusside (Nipride)

Norepinephrine

Oxytocin (Pitocin)

Phenobarbital (Luminal)

Phenylephrine (Neo~

Synephrine)

Procainamide (Pronestryl)

Propofol (Diprovan)

Sodium Bicarbonate

Sodium 2% (Mixed Acetate &

Chloride)

Tenecteplase (TNKase)

Vasopressin (Pitressin)

Alteplase - Activase® - Tissue Plasminogen Activator (TPA)

Medication stocked in CC 1~4 and Main ED Pyxis Machines

| Drug Name Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|--------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Alteplase 100 mg | 100 ml SW (supplied with vial) | 100 mg/100 ml | 1 mg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Acute MI - See Tenecteplase /TNKase®

<u>Pulmonary Embolism (hemodynamically unstable)</u>

100 mg IV infused over 2 hours

Pulmonary Embolism in PEA Arrest (Massive PE)

50 mg IVP over 2 min and may repeat in 30 min (max = 100 mg)

Must administer Heparin 5000 units IV bolus after each dose

<u>Ischemic Stroke- (within 4.5 hours of symptom onset based on patient criteria)</u>

0.9 MG/KG (max: 90 MG) IV infused over 60 min, with 10% given as a bolus See BAT packet/Acute Ischemic Stroke Order Set for total dose and bolus calculation

Special Considerations:

Do not mix with other medications

Amiodarone ~ Cordarone® *Use FILTER For Infusion*

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Amiodarone 450 mg/ 9 ml | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 450 mg / 259 ml | 1.74 mg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Pulseless VT/VF

Bolus: 300 mg IV push undiluted May repeat 150 mg in 3 – 5 minutes

Stable VT or Atrial Fibrillation

Bolus: 150 mg diluted in 50 - 100 ml D5W and infused over 10 minutes

May repeat 150 mg every 10 minutes as needed

Maintenance:

Step 1: 1 mg/min for 6 hours Step 2: 0.5 mg/min for 18 hours

Special Considerations:

Order replacement drip in glass bottle or non-PVC bag from pharmacy within 2 hours

Diltiazem ~ Cardizem® (Refrigerator)

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Diltiazem 125 mg / 25 ml | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 125 mg / 125 ml | 1 mg/ ml |

Indication and Dose:

Atrial Fibrillation, A- Flutter, PSVT (refractory to adenosine)

Loading Dose: 0.25~mg/kg (usual dose 10-20 mg) over 2 min In 15 minutes may repeat: 0.35~mg/kg over 2 min

Maintenance Infusion: 5-15 mg/hr RN May NOT Titrate

Dobutamine

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Dobutamine 500 mg <i>Peripheral line</i> <i>OK</i> | Pre-mixed bag | 500 mg / 250 ml | 2000 mcg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

<u>Congestive Heart Failure</u> – to increase contractility and cardiac output

Continuous Infusion: 5-25 mcg/kg/min RN May NOT titrate

Dopamine

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Dopamine 400 mg <i>peripheral line</i> <i>OK</i> | Pre-mixed Bag | 400 mg / 250 ml | 1600 mcg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Hypotension

Continuous infusion: 5 - 25 mcg/kg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 1~5 mcg/kg/min every 2 min to maintain MAP goal

Special Considerations:

Arterial line recommended

Epinephrine - Adrenalin®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Epinephrine 2 mg/2ml (1:1000 conc) Peripheral line OK | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 2 mg/102 ml | 19.61 mcg/ml |
| Epinephrine 30 mg/30 ml central line only*** | 500 ml NS (D5W) | 30 mg / 530 ml | 56.6 mcg/ ml |

Indication and Dose:

Severe Hypotension (not a first-line vasopressor as continuous infusion)

Continuous infusion: 0.01 ~ 1 mcg/kg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 0.01~ 0.02 mcg/kg/min every 2 min to maintain MAP goal

Anaphylaxis / Asthma:

0.3 - 0.5 mg IM (1:1000 conc vial)

Cardiac arrest:

1 mg IVP every 3~5 minutes (1:10,000 prefilled syringe)

Intracardiac (IC) Epinephrine for Trauma Arrest

Thoracotomy pt during open cardiac massage ONLY

1 mg IC every 3~5 min (1:1000 conc vial) – Attach 22 gauge 1 or 1.5 inch needle for administration

Special Consideration:

Arterial line recommended

Esmolol ~ Brevibloc®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Esmolol 2.5 gm | Pre-mixed Bag | 2.5 gm / 250 ml | 10 mg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Aortic Dissection – Use with nitroprusside PSVT, A-Fib, A-Flutter – for rate control

Load: 500 mcg/kg IVP over 1 min

(may re-load between each step below to a max of 3 loading doses)

Maintenance:

Initiate dose at 50 mcg/kg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 25~50 mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes to maintain

MAP or HR goal
Special Consideration:
Arterial line recommended

Fosphenytoin ~ Cerebyx®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Fosphenytoin | 100 mL | Order | **Order dependent** Concentration must be > 10mg/mL in order to program pump |
| 500 mg PE / 10mL | NS | dependent | |

Indication and Dose:

**Fosphenytoin is dosed in phenytoin Equivalents (PE)

**Fosphenytoin is converted to phenytoin in the body

Seizures/Status

IV Loading Dose: 15-20 mg PE/kg at rate of 150 mg PE/min

Loading/Maintenance (Non-seizing)

IV Loading Dose: 15~20 mg PE/kg over 30 minutes

Maintenance IV Dose: Based on phenytoin levels or patient's maintenance dose

IM administration:

Dosing equivalent to IV

Special Considerations:

Patient must be on cardiac monitor BP and HR every 15 min during infusion

No IV filter required

Doses < 1 gram should be mixed in 50 mL NS

Precautions:

Hypotension, bradycardia

Glucagon **** Glucagon Infusions will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|
| Glucagon 10 mg | 100 mL D5W | 10 mg / 110mL | 0.091 mg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Beta-blocker/Calcium channel blocker toxicity (not responsive to fluids, vasopressors)

IV loading dose: 3-10 mg IV push

Maintenance dose: 3-5 mg/hr IV continuous (titrate to a maximum of 10 mg/hr)

Special Consideration:

Cost approximately \$1500 PER HOUR Infusion is appropriate for patients who fail vasopressors infusions Causes dose-dependent nausea and vomiting (risk for aspiration)

Heparin

Use Heparin Order Set in EPIC

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Heparin 25,000 Units | Pre-mixed bag | 25,000 Units / 250 ml | 100 Units / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Acute Coronary Syndromes

**SEE HEPARIN NOMOGRAM – LOW for patient specific doses Dosage adjustments based on aPTT levels

<u>Venous Thromboembolism / Pulmonary Embolism</u>
**SEE HEPARIN NOMOGRAM – STANDARD for patient specific doses Dosage adjustments based on aPTT levels

Special Considerations:

Provider should select the "RN Managed" heparin order set in EPIC aPTT levels must be drawn 6 hrs after start of infusion

Intralipid ** MUST Request From Pharmacy***

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Intralipid 20% | 500 mL pre-mix bag | Enter as basic infusion | N/A |

Indication and Dose:

Local anesthetic systemic toxicity (cardiac arrest or significant clinical instability)

<u>Bolus</u>: 1.5 mL/kg IV infused over 1 minute (use syringe~ NOT pump) <u>Initial Infusion</u>:

- -Patients > 65 kg, initiate infusion at 999 ml/hr
- -Patients ≤65 kg, initiate infusion at 15 mL/kg/hr

Refractory Patients: (continued clinical instability after 3-5 minutes of infusion)

- -Patients > 33 kg, change infusion rate to 999 ml/hr
- -Patients ≤33 kg, change infusion rate to 30 mL/kg/hr

Special Considerations:

If patient is in cardiac arrest, continue compressions to allow for drug circulation
***Continue infusion for at least 10 minutes after circulatory stability is obtained**
DO NOT use in egg or soy allergy

Insulin – Regular *** Insulin Drips will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Insulin R 100 units / ml | 100 ml NS | 100 units/101 ml | 0.99 unit/ ml |

Indication and Dose:

Hyperglycemia / DKA

Usual dose: 0.1 units/kg/hour IV. Order should be placed in EPIC in "units/hr" RN may NOT titrate. Titration by provider based on hourly BG values

Special Considerations/Precautions:

Monitor blood glucose hourly /potassium every 2~4 hours

Isoproterenol *** Isoproterenol Infusions will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 mg/5 ml | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 1 mg/105 ml | 9.52 mcg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Bradyarrhythmias/AV nodal block

Usual dose: 0.02 mcg/kg/min

Titrate by 0.01 ~0.02 mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes to desired heart rate

 $(\max 0.2 \text{ mcg/kg/min})$

RN may NOT titrate.

Special Considerations/Precautions:

May cause hypotension

Labetalol - Trandate® ***Labetalol Infusions will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Labetalol 500 mg / 100 ml | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 500 mg / 200 ml | 2.5 mg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Hypertensive Emergency

Load: Usual dose 10-20 mg IV bolus over 2 minutes, may repeat in 10 minute intervals to maximum of 300 mg

Maintenance: 0.5 - 6 mg/min (Maximum dose ~ 6 mg/min)

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 0.5 mg/min every 10 minutes to maintain MAP or HR goal

Levetiracetam ~ Keppra®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Levetiracetam | 100 ml NS | Based on patient | Based on patient |
| 500 mg / 5 ml | (D5W) | dose | dose |

Indication and Dose:

Status Epilepticus/ Seizure Prophylaxis in Head Trauma Load: 1000-2000 mg IV over 15-30 minutes

Lidocaine ***Lidocaine Infusions will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Lidocaine 2 gm | Pre-mix bag | 2gm / 250 ml | 8 mg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Stable VT

Load: 1–1.5 mg /kg IV push, use prefilled syringe (max is 3 mg/kg) Maintenance infusion: 2 - 4 mg /min (1-2 mg/min if liver disease) RN may NOT titrate

RSI with head trauma

Load: 1–1.5 mg /kg x 1 dose, use prefilled syringe

Contraindications:

Hypersensitivity to amide anesthetics

Mannitol ~ Osmitrol®

Use FILTER For Infusion

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Mannitol 100 gm | Pre-mix bag | 100 gm/ 500 ml | 0.2 gm/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Osmotic diuretic used to decrease intracranial pressure

Initial dose: 0.5 ~1 gm/kg via IV infusion at 999ml/hr (bolus dose)

Maintenance doses: 0.25~0.5 gm/kg every 6 – 8 hours PRN

Precautions:

Renal impairment

Considerations:

Must use micron filter tubing attachment ***

Check for Crystallization

Programming the Pump:

- 1. Calculate the patient's total dose (0.5-1 gm x patient weight in kg = Total dose in gm)
- 2. Calculate volume to be infused (Total dose in grams \div 0.2 gram/ml = Total volume in ml)
- 3. Program the pump as a basic infusion with the total volume in ml at a rate of 999ml/hr

Naloxone Infusion *** Naloxone Infusions will be prepared by Pharmacy****

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Naloxone 12 mg/30 ml | 250 mL NS | 12 mg/280 ml | 0.043 mg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Opioid overdose with exposures to long acting opioids (methadone), sustained release product, and systemic body packers after initial naloxone IVP response:

- 1- Determine the initial effective naloxone bolus dose to achieve RR >10
- 2~ Use 2/3 of the dose determined in <u>STEP 1</u> as the hourly infusion dose
- 3~ Titrate infusion to a RR>10

OR

Initiate infusion at 0.2 mg/hr and titrate infusion to RR > 10

Contraindication:

Hypersensitivity to naloxone or any component of the formulation

Nicardipine - Cardene®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Nicardipine 50 mg / 20 ml | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 50 mg/270 ml | 0.185 mg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

<u>Hypertensive Emergency</u>

Continuous infusion: 1-15 mg/hr

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 1~2.5 mg/hr every 5-15 minutes maintain MAP

goal

Adverse effects:

Reflex tachycardia

Nitroglycerin ~ Tridil®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Nitroglycerin 100 mg | Pre~mix Bottle | 100 mg / 250 ml | 400 mcg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

AMI, Hypertensive Emergency, CHF, Pulmonary Edema

Continuous infusion: 5 - 400 mcg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 5-20 mcg/min every 3-5 minutes to maintain MAP

goal

Special Considerations:

Remove Transdermal patch

Tolerance may develop, titrate to effect

Contraindications:

Concurrent use of Viagra, Cialis or other phosphodiesterase inhibitors

Nitroprusside ~ Nipride®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Nitroprusside 50 mg/ 2 ml | 100 ml D5W only | 50 mg / 102 ml | 490.2 mcg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

<u>Hypertensive Emergency / Aortic dissection</u>

Infusion 0.1 - 10 mcg/kg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 0.1-0.3 mcg/kg/min every 3 minutes to maintain MAP goal

Special Considerations:
Wrap infusions in bag provided due to sensitivity to light
Can cause cyanide or thiocyanate toxicity Arterial line should be placed as soon as possible For aortic dissection, initiate beta blockers PRIOR to nitroprusside

Precautions:

Renal/hepatic disease

Norepinephrine - Levophed®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Norepinephrine 8 mg/8 ml <i>Peripheral line OK</i> | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 8 mg/ 258 ml | 31.01 mcg/ ml |

<u>Indication and Dose:</u> <u>Hypotension</u>

Continuous infusion: 0.01 - 3 mcg/kg/min
RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 0.01-0.07 mcg/kg/min every 2 minutes to maintain MAP goal

<u>Special Considerations:</u> Arterial line recommended

Oxytocin ~ Pitocin®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Oxytocin 30 units/3 ml Peripheral line OK | 500 ml NS | 30 units / 503 ml | 59.64 milliunits / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Post-Partum Uterine Bleeding

Initial Rate: 100 milliunits/min x 2 hours, followed by 40 milliunits/min for 2-4 hours based on risk of hemorrhage

Phenobarbital ~ Luminal®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter in IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Phenobarbital 130 mg/1 ml <i>Peripheral line OK</i> | 250 ml NS | Order dependent | Order dependent |

Indication and Dose:

Status Epilepticus
Loading dose: 10 – 15 mg/kg IV once

<u>Special Considerations:</u>
Do not exceed infusion rate > 60 mg/min

Precautions:
Decreased respiratory rate/may need airway protection Monitor BP

Phenylephrine ~ Neo-Synephrine®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Phenylephrine 20 mg/2 ml peripheral admin OK | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 20 mg / 252 ml | 79.37 mcg / ml |
| Phenylephrine 40 mg/4 ml Central line only** | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 40 mg / 254 ml | 157.5 mcg / ml |

Indication and Dose:

Hypotension

Continuous infusion: 0.1 - 4 mcg/kg/min

RN MAY titrate per provider instruction by 0.1-0.7 mcg/kg/min every 2 minutes to maintain MAP goal

Hypotension associated with RSI or Procedural Sedation

50~200 mcg IV push every 2~5 minutes as needed (use prefilled syringe in pyxis)

Special Considerations:

Arterial line recommended

Precautions:

Heart failure/Acute MI

Procainamide ~ Pronestryl®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Load: Procainamide 1 gm/ 10 ml | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 1 gm / 100 ml | 10 mg/ml |
| Maint: Procainamide 2 gm / 20 ml | 250 ml NS (D5W) | 2 gm / 270 ml | 7.41 mg/ ml |

Indication and Dose:

Stable wide-complex tachycardia, WPW w/ A-fib

Loading Dose:

 $\underline{\text{Pts}} > 50 \text{ kg}$: Infuse 1 gm over 20 min OR stop once arrhythmia is suppressed, hypotension, or QRS widens by 50%,

<u>Pts < 50 kg</u>: Infuse 18 mg/kg over 20 min OR stop once arrhythmia is suppressed, hypotension, or QRS widens by 50%,

Maintenance Dose:

1 - 4 mg/min IV continuous

RN may NOT titrate

Special Considerations:

Cardiac or renal dysfunction: max total dose is 12 mg/kg and maint infusion at 1-2 mg/min

Programming the Pump:

- 1. Mix loading dose per above instructions and set pump to basic infusion for load ONLY
- 2. For load, set ALARIS pump to run 100 ml over 20 min (300 mL/hr)
- 3. Once rate is controlled, stop loading dose and transition patient to maintenance infusion (full loading dose may not be necessary to achieve rate control)
- 4. Use Critical Care ALARIS pump drug library for standard concentration Procainamide infusion
 - ** Page Umbreen or Mindy for programming questions anytime 3-2982***

Propofol ~ Diprivan®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1000 mg/ 100ml <i>Peripheral line OK</i> | Pre-mixed Infusion | 1000 mg/100 ml | 10,000 mcg/ml |

Indication and Dose:

Continuous Sedation in Head Trauma

Initial Rate: 5-20 mcg/kg/min

May titrate to appropriate sedation level (RASS)

Maintenance infusion: 5-80 mcg/kg/min (MAX: 80 mcg/kg/min)

RN may NOT give bolus doses.

MD may administer a bolus dose of propofol of 10-50 mg with credential provider present

Special Considerations:

Baseline triglyceride, CK, and lactate labs should be drawn
Dose recommendations for Procedural Sedation can be found in HPO

Precautions:

Hypotension

Sodium 2% (Mixed: 50% Acetate and 50% Chloride)

Stocked in RAP and CC Pyxis Refrigerators

| Drug Name | Final Product |
|--|--------------------|
| Sodium 2% (50% Acetate and 50% Chloride) | 1000 mL premix bag |

Indication and Dose:

Elevated Intracranial Pressure / Traumatic Brain Injury

Bolus: 500 – 1000 mL IV once

Can consider continuous infusion of 1~3 mL/kg/hr IV continuous

Special Considerations:

May be administered via peripheral line

If continuous infusion is administered, monitor serum sodium and osmolarity every 4-6 hours

For patients with hyponatremia / hypochloremia, consider using non-buffered sodium chloride solutions

Sodium Bicarbonate Infusion

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 150 mEq | 1000 ml D5W | 150 mEq /1150 ml |
| | If mixed in Sterile Water- | |
| | must come from Pharmacy | |

Indication and Dose:

Acidosis, Drug Overdose (tricyclic, salicylate, barbituate)

IV bolus: 1-2 mEq/kg IV push

Maintenance infusion: 50~150 ml/hr then titrate to effect

Special Considerations/Precautions:

Monitor arterial blood gas Avoid administration with Ca⁺⁺ and catecholamine infusions Monitor electrolytes (potassium and calcium)

$Tenecteplase ~ TNK ase \\ \mathbb{R}$

Medication stocked in CC-1 Pyxis Refrigerator

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Tenecteplase | Use 10 ml of diluent | Not given via | 5 mg / ml | |
| 50 mg/ 10 ml | provided | pump | 5 1113 / 1111 | |

Indication and Dose:

STEMI

Dose is based on patient weight and administered IV Push over 5 seconds

| Pt Weight (kg) | Dose | Reconstituted Volume | |
|----------------|-------|-------------------------|--|
| <60 kg | 30 mg | 6 ml | |
| 60-69 kg | 35 mg | 7 ml | |
| 70-79 kg | 40 mg | 8 ml | |
| 80-89 kg | 45 mg | 9 ml | |
| ≥90 kg | 50 mg | 10 ml | |

Special Considerations:

Reconstitute with supplied diluent Not compatible with dextrose Initiate heparin infusion concurrently for STEMI Swirl gently, ***do not shake***

Vasopressin ~ Pitressin®

| Drug Name and Dose Availability | Standard Solution to mix (alternative solution) | Final Product to enter into IV Pump | Final Drug Concentration |
|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Vasopressin 20 units | 100 ml NS (D5W) | 20 units / 101 ml | 0.198 units / ml |

Indication and Dose:

<u>Hypotension Refractory to Standard Vasopressors</u> (add-on therapy) Continuous infusion at 0.04 units/min and **do NOT titrate** <u>Asystole / PEA / Vfib / Pulseless Vtach</u> 40 units IVP x 1 dose

Special Considerations:

Should not be utilized as a first line vasopressor agent Arterial line should be placed as soon as possible



The Johns Hopkins Hospital
Department of Emergency Nursing
IV Drug Information
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